

# SCI2 Report Muhong Zhou

# What's going around

## GPU to Accelerators





#### Nvidia Kepler K20X(Telsa)

#### Intel Xeon Phi Coprocessor

## New features of CUDA 5 for its Kepler GPU

Dynamic Parallelism Hyper-Q GPU Direct





# Top 500 Supercomputers

#	Site	Manufacturer	Computer	Country	Cores	Rmax [Pflops]	Power [MW]
1	Oak Ridge National Laboratory	Cray	Titan Cray XK7, Opteron 16C 2.2GHz, Gemini NVIDIA K20x	USA	560,640	17.6	8.21
2	Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	IBM	Sequota BlueGene/Q, Power BQC 16C 1.6GHz, Custom	USA	1,572,864	16.3	7.89
3	RIKEN Advanced Institute for Computational Science	Fujitsu	K Computer SPARC64 VIIIf x 2.0GHz, Tofu Interconnect	Japan	795,024	10.5	12.66
4	Argonne National Laboratory	IBM	Mira BlueGene/Q, Power BQC 16C 1.6GHz, Custom	USA	786,432	8.16	3.95
5	Forschungszentrum Juelich (FZJ)	IBM	JuQUEEN BlueGene/Q, Power BQC 16C 1.6GHz, Custom	Germany	393,216	4.14	1.97
6	Leibniz Rechenzentrum	IBM	SuperMUC iDataPlex DX360M4, Xeon E5 8C 2.7GHz, Infiniband FDR	Germany	147,456	2.90	3.52
7	Texas Advanced Computing Center/UT	Dell	Stampede PowerEdge C8220, Xeon E5 8C 2.7GHz, Intel Xeon Phi	USA	204,900	2.66	
8	National SuperComputer Center in Tianjin	NUDT	Tianhe-1A NUDT TH MPP, Xeon 6C, NVidia, FT-1000 8C	China	186,368	2.57	4.04
9	CINECA	IBM	Fermi BlueGene/Q, Power BQC 16C 1.6GHz, Custom	Italy	163,840	1.73	0.82
10	IBM	IBM	DARPA Trial Subset Power 775, Power7 8C 3.84GHz, Custom	USA	63,360	1.52	3.57

# The Green500 List

Green500 Rank	MFLOPS/W	Site*	Computer*	Total Power (kW)
1	2,499.44	National Institute for Computational Sciences/University of Tennessee	Beacon - Appro GreenBlade GB824M, Xeon E5-2670 8C 2.600GHz, Infiniband FDR, Intel Xeon Phi 5110P	44.89
2	2,351.10	King Abdulaziz City for Science and Technology	SANAM - Adtech ESC4000/FDR G2, Xeon E5-2650 8C 2.000GHz, Infiniband FDR, AMD FirePro S10000	179.15
3	2,142.77	DOE/SC/Oak Ridge National Laboratory	Titan - Cray XK7, Opteron 6274 16C 2.200GHz, Cray Gemini interconnect, NVIDIA K20x	8,209.00
4	2,121.71	Swiss Scientific Computing Center (CSCS)	Todi - Cray XK7, Opteron 6272 16C 2.100GHz, Cray Gemini interconnect, NVIDIA Tesla K20 Kepler	129.00
5	2,102.12	Forschungszentrum Juelich (FZJ)	JUQUEEN - BlueGene/Q, Power BQC 16C 1.600GHz, Custom Interconnect	1,970.00
6	2,101.39	Southern Ontario Smart Computing Innovation Consortium/University of Toronto	BGQdev - BlueGene/Q, Power BQC 16C 1.600GHz, Custom Interconnect	41.09
7	2,101.39	DOE/NNSA/LLNL	rzuseq - BlueGene/Q, Power BQC 16C 1.60GHz, Custom	41.09
8	2,101.39	IBM Thomas J. Watson Research Center	BlueGene/Q, Power BQC 16C 1.60GHz, Custom	41.09
9	2,101.12	IBM Thomas J. Watson Research Center	BlueGene/Q, Power BQC 16C 1.60 GHz, Custom	82.19
10	2,101.12	Ecole Polytechnique Federale de Lausanne	CADMOS BG/Q - BlueGene/Q, Power BQC 16C 1.600GHz, Custom Interconnect	82.19

### **Directives**:

```
OpenACC
generate CUDA C/Fortran
Portability
Scalability(work on multiple GPUs)
```

```
change = tolerance + 1.0
!$acc data create(newa(1:m,1:n)) copy(a(1:m,1:n))
do while (change > tolerance)
  change = 0
  !$acc kernels reduction(max:change)
  do i = 2, m-1
    do j = 2, n-1
      newa(i,j) = w0*a(i,j) + &
       w1 * (a(i-1,j)+a(i,j-1)+a(i+1,j)+a(i,j+1)) + &
       w^2 * (a(i-1,j-1)+a(i-1,j+1)+a(i+1,j-1)+a(i+1,j+1))
      change = max(change, abs(newa(i,j)-a(i,j)))
    enddo
  enddo
  do i = 2, m-1
    do j = 2, n-1
      a(i,j) = newa(i,j)
    enddo
  enddo
 !$acc end kernels
enddo
!$acc end data
```

#### Libs:

MAGMA(just released Xeon Phi coprocessor version) CUBLAS CUSPARSE Thrust(hiding GPU operations)

for more libs, please check on Keeneland(KFS)

## **Compiling and debugging tools:**

Ocelot(compile with PTX, enable CUDA program executed on different GPU architectures without recompilation)

Nvidia Nsight (Eclipse Version contains profiling function!)

#### **Profiling Tools:**

TAU performance system VampirTrace Measurement and Vampir Analysis PAPI CUDA NVIDIA CUPTI

## **GPU Performance Tool Interoperability**



## Stencil2D Trace (Vampir/VampirTrace)

Four MPI processes each with one GPU



VampirTrace measurements

### **Python for HPC**

Easy Build PyTrillinos

### **Chapel Parallel Programming language**

Led by Cray Inc. Go for productivity and portability

Talks:

Express inherent parallelism without Synchronization

(From Rice Compiler Group)

Auto-tuning by using Chapel tackle issues such as the cache size chunking(Maryland U)

# Papers

#### #I. PATUS for Convenient High-Performance Stencils: Evaluation in Earthquake Simulations

**PATUS:** code generation and auto-tuning frame-work for stencil computations

```
stencil wave {
    domainsize = (2..x_max-3, 2..y_max-3, 2..z_max-3);
    t_max = 1;
    operation (float grid u, float param dt_dx_sq) {
      float c1 = 2 - 15/2*dt_dx_sq;
      float c2 = 4/3*dt_dx_sq; float c3 = -1/12*dt_dx_sq;
      u[x,y,z; t+1] = c1*u[x,y,z; t] - u[x,y,z; t-1] +
      c2*(u[x+1,y,z; t] + u[x-1,y,z; t] + ...)+ //etc.for y,z
      c3*(u[x+2,y,z; t] + u[x-2,y,z; t] + ...);
   }
}
```

It utilized optimization techniques such as loop unrolling, SSE intrinsics. They pointed out that **vectorization** is the key optimization step.

#### #I. PATUS for Convenient High-Performance Stencils: Evaluation in Earthquake Simulations



#### **#2. Tiling Stencil Computations to Maximize Parallelism**

They devised a way for finding the optimal tiling plane to ensure concurrent start-up as well as perfect load balance.



Fig. 6. Pipelined start-up

Fig. 7. Concurrent start-up

#### **#2. Tiling Stencil Computations to Maximize Parallelism**



# Thanks!